[This question paper contains 8 printed pages.]

Your Roll No.....

Sr. No. of Question Paper: 731

B

Unique Paper Code

: 32341201

Name of the Paper

: Programming in Java

Name of the Course

: B.Sc. (H) Computer Science

Semester

: II (DSC-1) (Admissions 2019)

Duration: 3 Hours

Maximum Marks: 75

Instructions for Candidates

- 1. Write your Roll No. on the top immediately on receipt of this question paper.
- 2. The question paper consists of two sections. Section A is computably. Attempt any four questions from Section B.
- 3. State the assumptions taken, if any, in your answers.
- 4. All parts of a question must be answered together.
- 5. If required, you may make suitable assumptions and state them clearly.
- 6. The data types of variables/data members/arrays and return types of the methods/member methods should be assumed suitably unless explicitly mentioned.

SECTION A

```
(a) Write the output(s) of the following Java code
1.
       snippets:
        (i) class AddBytes (
              public static void main(String[] args) {
                 System.out.println("Adding bytes");
                 byte b1 = 10, b2 = 10;
                 System.out.println("b1 + b2 = " + (b1 + b2));
                 b2 = 20;
                 system.out.println("b1 + b2 = " + b1 + b2);
              }
          }
      (ii) class Operators {
              public static void main(String[] args) {
                  int a = 5;
                  int b = 9:
                  System.put.println(a | b);
                  Systemout.println(a & b);
                  System.out.println(a ^ b);
                 system.out.println(~a);
                 System.out.println(~a & 0x0f);
         1
                                                        (5)
    (iii) class Parent (
             public Parent(int i) {
                 System.out.println(5);
         class Child extends Parent {
             public Child(int i) {
```

```
super(1);
                   System.out.println(10);
              }
         public class QPDemo (
             public static void main(String[] args) {
              Child c = new Child(5);
         }
    (iv) class ArrayLoop {
             public static void main(String[] args)
                 int arr[][] = { (52, 21, 60),}
                                  {34, 56, 95},
                                  {16, 11, 31},
                                  {93, 17, 85}
                 for(int(i=0, j=0; i<3 && j<3; i++)
                     System.out.print(arr[i][j] + " ");
                 System.out.println();
                 for(int i=1, j=1; i<3 && j<3; j++)
                    System.out.print(arr[i][j] + " ");
                 System.out.println();
                for (int i=0, j=2; i<3 && j<3; j+=2)
                    System.out.println(arr[i][j] + " ");
                                                      (5)
(b) Define a recursive Java method recMeth (...)
   to calculate the product of digits of a number n
   passed as an argument to the method.
```

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- (c) Write a program in Java (using try-with-resources functionality) to read a file "SourceFile.txt" and copy only those lines that contain both the characters '#' and '@' to another file "DestFile.txt". (5)
- (d) Define a Java class ObjReturn having a data member a of the type float. Define a parameterized constructor to initialize a. Define a method decOb() that extracts the decimal part of a and stores it as a data member of another object of the same class. The method then returns the new object.
- (e) Write a program in Java to create a frame using Java AWT. Implement mouseEntered() and mouseClicked() events such that: (5)
 - (i) Size of the frame should be doubled when mouse enters it.
 - (ii) Background colour of the frame changes to 'YELLOW' when mouse is clicked inside the frame.

SECTION B

2. (a) Write a program in Java that accepts a string through command line and works as follows:

(6)

5

- If the number of arguments is zero, the exception raised should be handled by the program and a message "Error 01: No valid argument!" is displayed on the screen and the program ends.
- If the number of arguments is greater than that required, a message "Error 02: The number of arguments is more than that required!" is displayed on the screen and the program ends.
- If an argument (string) contains a digit, the string
 is printed on the screen otherwise the string is
 written to a file named "StoredString.txt".
- (b) What are packages in Java? What Java statement should be written in a tile named PackTest. java assuming that a class named PackTest is saved inside the pack? package? (4)
- Java with appropriate parameters and return values to perform the tasks as mentioned against their names:
 (5×2=10)
 - (i) strComp(...): The method accepts two strings as arguments and returns the one whose length is shorter. If both strings are of equal length, the one that is placed earlier in the alphabetical order is returned.

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- (ii) getAverage (...): The method accepts a 2D array, number of rows and number of columns as parameters and returns the average of all values in the array.
- 4. (a) Which of the following are valid declarations?

(i) int i = OxCAFE; (5)

- (ii) boolean b = 0;
- (iii) char c = 'B';
- (iv) byte b = 128;
- (v) char c = "A";
- (b) What are automatic type conversion rules in java? Explain each with an example. (5)
- 5. Write a program in Java to create a stack of integers, populate it with data and display the data on the screen. The program defines the following structures for the same:
 - An interface Stack with prototypes of two methods push() and pop(). The interface also has a default method clearStack() that empties the stack.
 - A class StackClass which implements the interface Stack. The class has two private data

members- an array of integers arrstack and an integer top. The class also provides a parameterized constructor, a display method to display the array elements and appropriate definitions to the methods of the interface.

- A driver class StackDemo with a main() method to create an object of the class StackClass with 5 elements and invoke all the methods. (10)
- 6. (a) Explain the term polymorphism. How does Java support run time polymorphism? Illustrate with an example.
 - (b) Write a program in Java that accepts a number from the user and calculates factorial of the number. If the entered number is negative, a user defined exception is generated, else the square of the number is printed.

 (6)
- 7. (a) Write Java statements/prototype for the following tasks:
 (2×3=6)
 - (i) a method that accepts a 2D array of integers, a string object and returns a character.
 - (ii) a while loop that reads lines of text from the keyboard and prints them on screen until the key combination Ctrl+z is entered.

- (iii) a try catch block to handle opening of a file in read mode.
- (b) Differentiate between paint() and repaint() methods defined by AWT.

 (4)
- 8. Using Java Swing, write a program in Java to do the following: (10)
 - Create a frame titled "Frame Message" having two buttons captioned "Click It" and "Frase It" respectively. When a user clicks on the button "Click It" a message "Button has been clicked" is displayed on the frame and when the button "Erase It" is clicked, the message gets erased from the frame.
 - Create two buttons named 'RED' and 'BLUE'.

 When a button is pressed the background color should be set to the color named by the button's label.
- Using appropriate adapter class, display the message:
 - "Typed character is: <typedCharacter>" in the frame window when user types any key.